



## U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS 425 Eye Street N.W. ULLB, 3rd Floor Washington, D.C. 20536

File:

SRC-01-011-53191

Office: Texas Service Center

Date:

MAY 2 2 2001

IN RE: Petitioner:

Beneficiary:

Petition:

Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to § 101(a)(15)(P)(i) of the Immigration and

Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(P)(i)

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



Identifying data deleted to prevent clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy

## INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office which originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information which you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office which originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

> FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER, **EXAMINATIONS**

Robert P. Wiemann, Acting Director Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The nonimmigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, Texas Service Center, and is now before the Associate Commissioner for Examinations on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner is a restaurant. The beneficiary is a musician. The petitioner filed a Form I-129 (Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker) seeking classification of the beneficiary under section 101(a)(15)(P)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the "Act"). The petitioner seeks to employ the beneficiary temporarily in the United States as a musician for one year. The director found that the beneficiary is ineligible for P-1 classification because he was not a member of an entertainment group.

On appeal, the petitioner submitted, in pertinent part, a statement from the beneficiary explaining that he has a "one-man show" and requested reconsideration of the decision.

Section 214(c)(4)(B)(i) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1184(c)(4)(B)(i), provides, in pertinent part, that section 101(a)(15)(P)(i) of the Act applies to an alien who:

- (I) performs with or is an integral and essential part of the performance of an entertainment group that has (except as provided in clause (ii)) been recognized internationally as being outstanding in the discipline for a sustained and substantial period of time,
- (II) in the case of a performer or entertainer, except as provided in clause (iii), has had a sustained and substantial relationship with that group (ordinarily for at least one year) and provides functions integral to the performance of the group, and
- (III) seeks to enter the United States temporarily and solely for the purpose of performing as such a performer or entertainer or as an integral and essential part of a performance.
- 8 C.F.R. 214.2(p)(3) defines, in pertinent part:

*Group* means two or more persons established as one entity or unit to perform or to provide a service.

As stated by the director, P-1 classification is not available to individual performers, only to members of an entertainment group. A "one-man show" cannot be considered an entertainment group which is defined as two or more persons. As the petitioner has failed to overcome the director's decision, the appeal must be dismissed.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1361. Here, the petitioner has not met that burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.